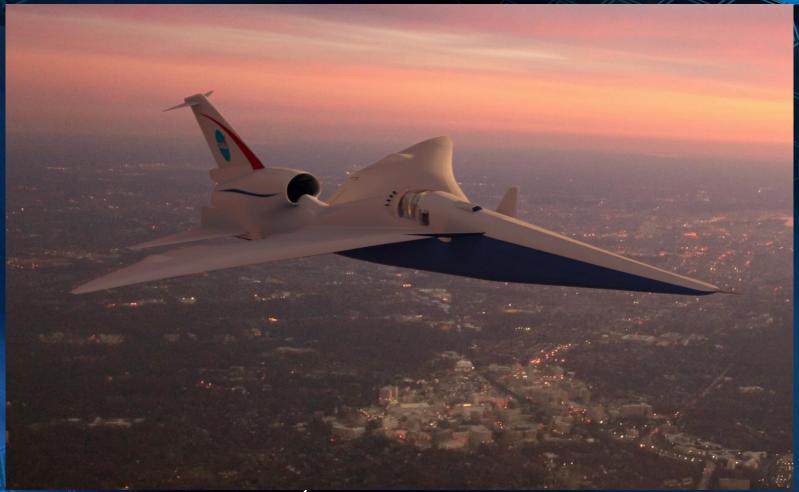
# Concept Development of the Quiet Supersonic Technology Aircraft





LOCKHEED MARTIN

**Peter Iosifidis – Program Manager** 

#### **Overview**



- Background
- Why Now for a Quiet Supersonic Technology X-plane?
- QueSST Program Objectives
- Schedule
- QueSST X-plane Concept Overview
- Summary

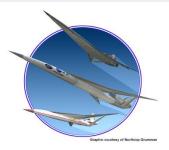


#### **Low Boom History**

1

FAR 91.817 (1960's) -"No person may
operate a civil aircraft.
... at a ... flight Mach
number greater than 1.
... unless - {App. B} ...
the flight will not cause
a measurable sonic
boom overpressure to
reach the surface ..."

#### Quiet Supersonic Platform 2001-2003



- Supersonic Tech Survey
- 0.3 psf Shock Goal

F-5E Shaped Sonic Boom Demonstration -2003



- Modified F-5E nose to Shape Front Shock
- 0.8 psf Shock Persisted in All 1300 Measurements

Quiet Supersonic Transport - 2001-2005



- Feasible Low Boom Transportation
- 0.5 psf (24 Pa) Shocks

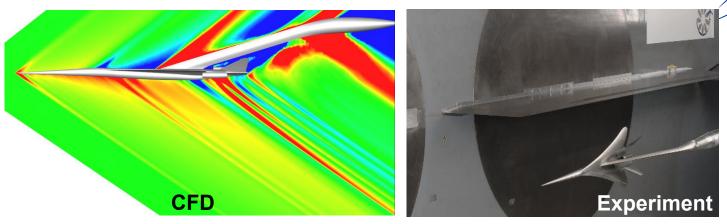
D-SEND#1 - 2011 D-SEND#2 - 2015



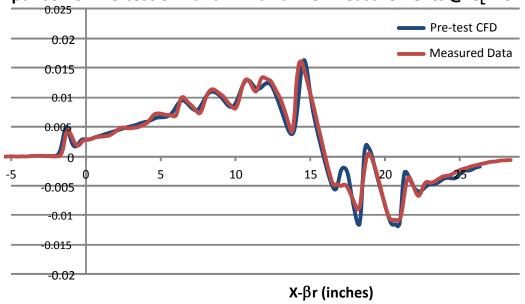
 Dropped Shaped Axi-Bodies and Unpowered Configuration from ~100,000 ft Producing 0.5 psf Shocks



Why Now for the QueSST X-Plane?



Comparison of Pre-test CFD and Wind Tunnel Measurements @ C<sub>1</sub> = 0.142



Work Done on N+2 Supersonic Validations Program Showed that Modern Design Tools are Adequate for Shaped Boom Design

Skunk Works

## **QueSST Program Objectives**



- Develop, build, and flight test a clean-sheet X-plane that can be used to support future regulatory change efforts
- Feasibility and soundness of requirements established on nowcompleted Low Boom Concept Formulation & Refinement Studies

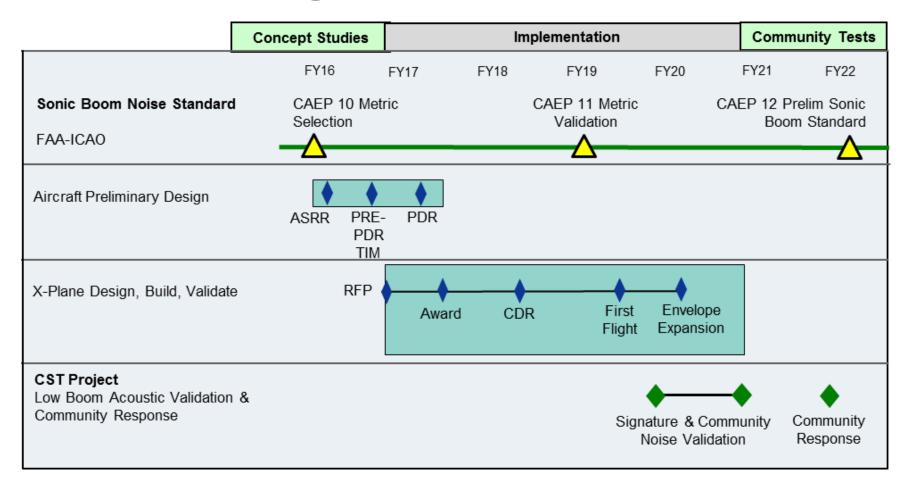


Requirement Name		Requirement	C606
MR-1	Boom Traceability	Scaled dP & PLdB	1
		<75 PLdB,	74 PLdB,
MR-2	Shaped Signature	max energy < 10 Hz	
MR-3	Boom Variability	70-80 PLdB	70-80 PLdB
		<76 PLdB mean,	74.5 PLdB,
MR-4	Cruise Deviations	<1.4 PL RMS	*
MR-5	Mach Number	>1.4 for low boom	1.42
MR-6	Pass Length	2 x 50 nm	<b>6</b>
MR-7	Flight Rate	3 flights in 9 hours	•
MR-8	Day/Night Ops.	Equipped	1
		Day/night VFR,	
MR-9	Flight Ops.	ILS, transit IMC	
		climb/accelerate	3,000 FPM at
MR-11	Climb Rate	cooncurrently	top of climb



## **QueSST Program Schedule**





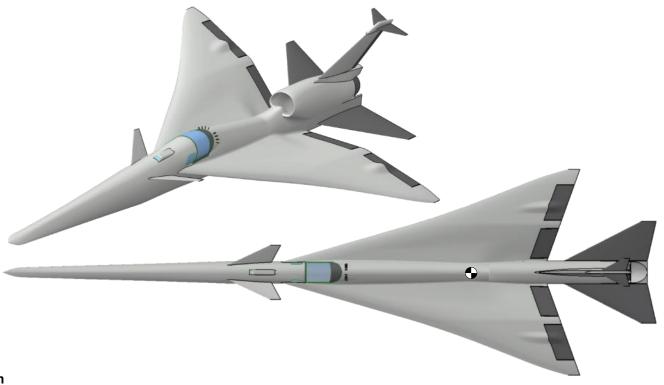
QueSST Program Schedule is Responsive to the Timeline Necessary to Support Generation of Community Response Data

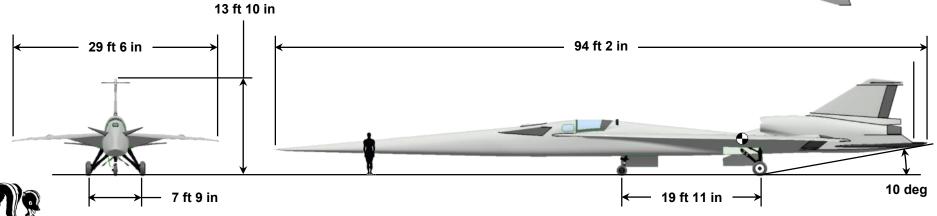


## **QueSST Configuration C606 Overview**



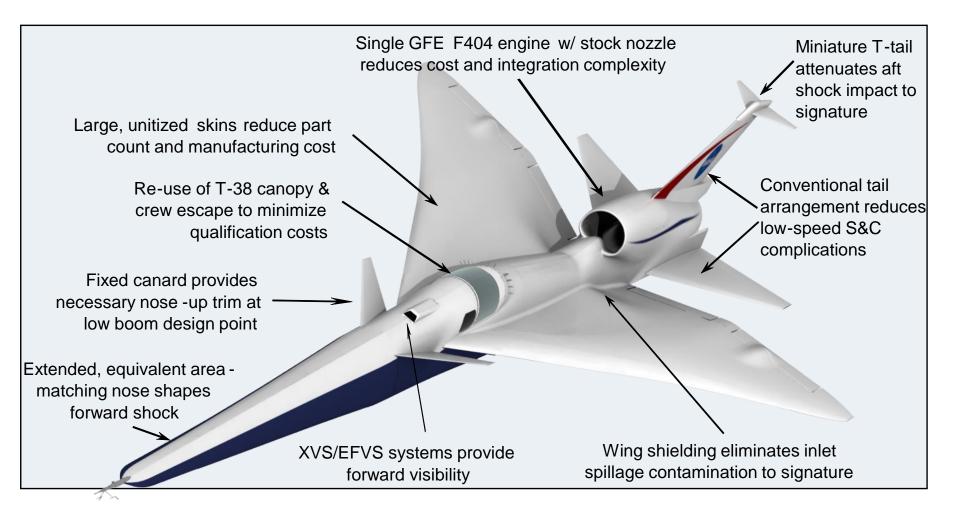
Configuration C606			
MTOW	22,500 lb		
<b>Empty Weight</b>	14,000 lb		
Maximum Fuel	7,100 lb		
Payload	500 lb		
S <sub>ref</sub>	486 sq ft		
W/S	46 lb/ft <sup>2</sup>		
T/W	0.60		
Engine	1xGE F404		
Design Mach	1.42		
Loudness	<75 PLdB		





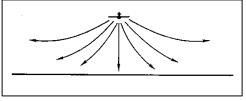
# **QueSST Design Features**



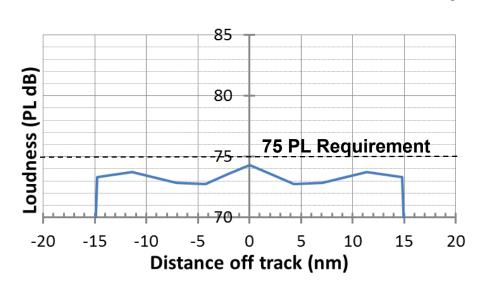


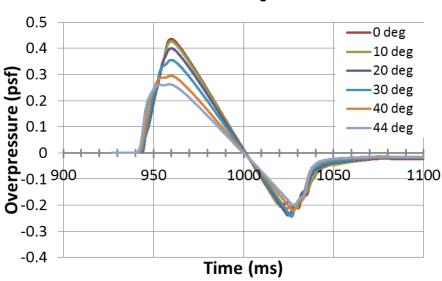


# **QueSST Shaped Boom Performance**



C606 trimmed at Wt=18,800 lb
M1.42 Alt=54,000 ft AOA=1.70 deg CGLOC=844 in PC=122 Tail Incidence=2.60 deg



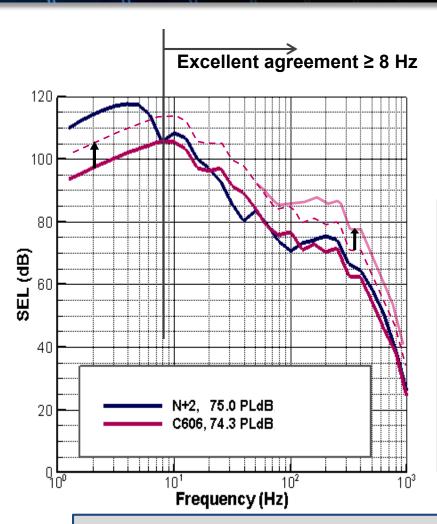


C606 Meets Sonic Boom Requirements
Over The Entire Carpet with Margin

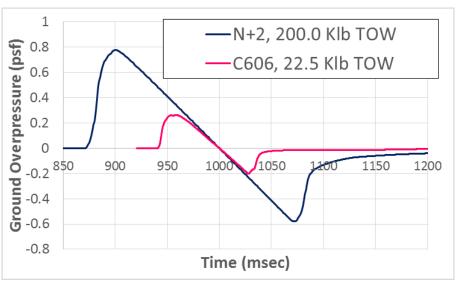


#### **QueSST Signature Traceability**





- N+2 sound energy level (SEL) well matched at all frequencies
- SEL can be scaled-up at all frequencies and/or at high frequencies to match a range of possible products



QueSST Sound Energy Variations Provide Excellent Traceability for a Range of Future Commercial Products

### **Summary**



- Work on the LBFD Concept Formulation and Refinement Studies established requirements and resulted in a closed airplane configuration capable of generating extremely quiet boom levels
- Current work on PDR effort will further mature the X-plane design and lay the foundation for an eventual quiet commercial supersonic aircraft



